

RYE NECK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education of the Rye Neck Union Free School District, New York:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Rye Neck Union Free School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Rye Neck Union Free School District, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Nawrocki Smith

Changes in Accounting Principles and Prior Period Adjustment

As described in Note 3 to the financial statements, in fiscal 2021 the District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, <u>Fiduciary Activities</u>. The effect of GASB Statement No. 84 required a prior period adjustment as discussed in Note 15 to the financial statements. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, on pages 3-13, and 45-50, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information requested by the New York State Education Department. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information required by the New York State Education Department is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 14, 2021, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hauppauge, New York September 14, 2021

Navroclii Smith UP

The following is a discussion and analysis of the Rye Neck Union Free School District's (the "District") financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This section is a summary of the District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions or conditions. It is also based on both the District-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts: required supplementary information including management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and other supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of financial statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two financial statements are *District-wide financial statements* that provide both *short-term* and *long-term* information about the District's *overall* financial status.
- The remaining financial statements are governmental fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the District-wide financial statements. The governmental fund financial statements tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

Table A-1 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the financial statements.

Table A-1: Major Feature	es of the District-Wide and F	und Financial Statements
	District-Wide Financial Statements	Fund Financial Statements Governmental Funds
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance
Required financial statements	Statement of Net PositionStatement of Activities	 Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus
Type of asset/deferred outflows of resources/liability/ deferred inflows of resources information	All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets and deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable

District-Wide Financial Statements

The District-wide financial statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two District-wide financial statements report the District's *net position* and how it has changed. Net position - the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources - is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial status is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the District's overall health, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the District-wide financial statements, the District's activities are shown as *governmental activities*. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes and State formula aid finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds - not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and to manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as federal grants).

The District has Governmental funds, which are described as follows:

• Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds financial statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-wide financial statements, reconciliations of the District-wide and governmental funds financial statements are provided which explain the relationship (or differences) between them.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the District's operational and financial performance, and
 cash flow needs will depend on certain developments, including the duration and spread of the
 outbreak, impact on funding sources, employees and vendors, all of which are uncertain and cannot
 be predicted as of the date of these financial statements.
- The General Fund's total fund balance, as reflected in the fund financial statements, was \$15,075,099, which is an increase of \$1,637,569 (see pages 16 and 18).
- The District's expenses, on the full accrual basis of accounting, for the year, totaled \$53,206,116. Of this amount, \$1,115,099 was offset by program charges for services, operating grants and contributions. General revenues of \$43,987,207 amount to 98% of total revenues.
- During the fiscal year, the District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, which provides clearer guidance on identifying fiduciary activities for accounting and reporting purposes. The effect of GASB Statement No. 84 required a prior period adjustment as discussed in Note 15 to the financial statements.
- The District's net position, as reflected in the District-wide financial statements, shows a deficit of \$44,965,739. The primary driver of this deficit is the District's Other Post Employment Benefit liability (OPEB) of \$84,984,458. The recognition of this liability is mandated by GASB Statement No. 75, which requires the District to report (based on actuarial assumptions) the cumulative total of its other post-employment benefits. The fiscal year 2021 cost of these benefits was approximately \$1.6 million.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's net position decreased by 22% from the year before to a net deficit balance of \$44,965,739 as detailed in Tables A-2 and A-3.

The restricted net position balance of \$18,973,703 represents assets that are restricted by external sources, imposed by laws through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

As of June 30, 2021, the District has an unrestricted net deficit position of \$75,405,932. This deficit is primarily driven by the District's required recognition of the total other postemployment benefit ("OPEB") liability of \$84,984,458 as required by GASB Statement No. 75.

Table A-2: Condensed Statements of	f Net Position - Govern	mental Activities		
	6/30/2021	(As Restated) 6/30/2020	\$ Change	% Change
Current and other assets Capital assets, net	\$ 27,638,878 38,796,957	\$ 30,478,805 29,396,125	\$ (2,839,927) 9,400,832	(9.3) 32.0
Total assets	66,435,835	59,874,930	6,560,905	11.0
Deferred outflows of resources	30,528,626	23,797,749	6,730,877	28.3
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	6,972,232 121,501,200	4,618,563 106,090,915	2,353,669 15,410,285	51.0 14.5
Total liabilities	128,473,432	110,709,478	17,763,954	16.0
Deferred inflows of resources	13,456,768	9,825,130	3,631,638	37.0
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted (deficit) Total net position	11,466,490 18,973,703 (75,405,932) \$ (44,965,739)	13,066,658 21,003,474 (70,932,061) \$ (36,861,929)	(1,600,168) (2,029,771) (4,473,871) \$ (8,103,810)	(12.2) (9.7) (6.3) (22.0)

As of June 30, 2021, the District had positive working capital of \$20,666,646 as compared to \$25,860,242 as of June 30, 2020. The decrease is mainly due to the outstanding bond anticipation note payable.

The District's deferred outflows of resources increased \$6,730,877 due to an increase in the OPEB related items as a result of changes in actuarial assumptions.

Long-term liabilities increased \$15,410,285 primarily due to the net change in the total OPEB liability as well as the increase in bonds payable and the proportionate share of net pension liabilities.

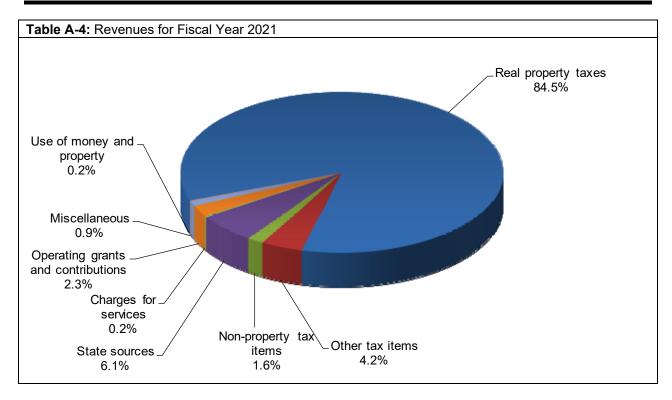
Changes in Net Position

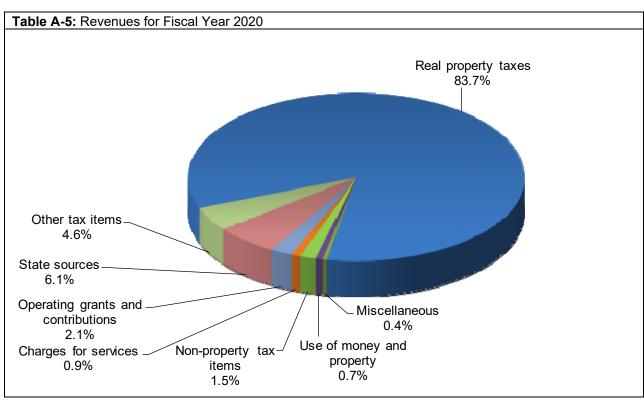
The District's revenues on the full accrual basis of accounting increased \$1,396,801 or 3.2% to \$45,102,306 (See Table A-3). Property, other tax items and non-property tax items and State sources accounted for most of the District's revenue by contributing 90 cents and 6 cents, respectively, of every dollar raised (See Table A-4). The remainder came from fees charged for services, operating grants and other miscellaneous sources.

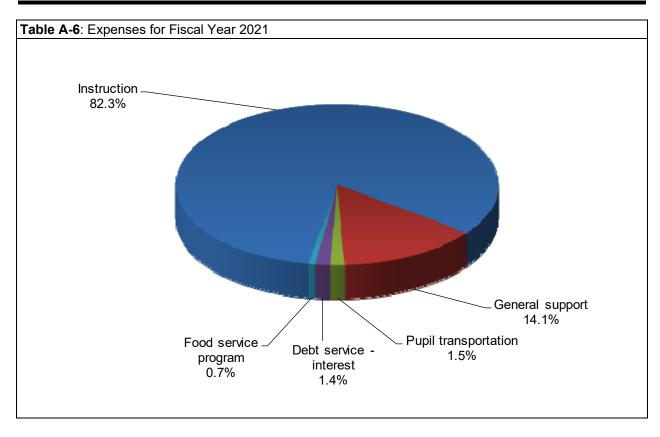
• Real property taxes increased \$1,523,355, or 4.2%, as a result of the budgeted increase in the tax levy.

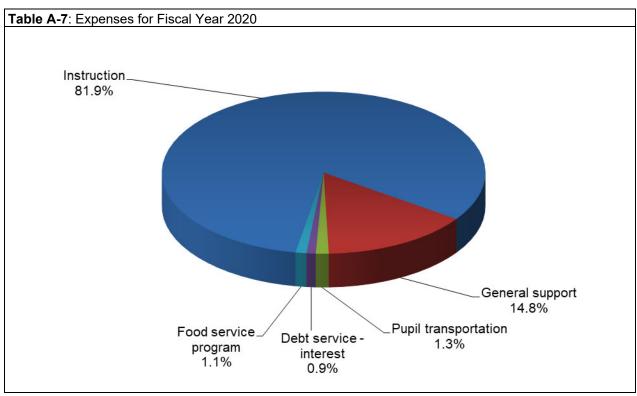
The District's fiscal year 2021 expenses totaled \$53,206,116 (See Table A-3). These expenses (82 percent) are predominantly related to instruction (See Table A-6). The District's administrative and business activities accounted for 14 percent of total costs.

	<u>6/30/2021</u> <u>6/30/2020</u>		<u>\$ C</u>	<u>hange</u>	% Change	
Revenues						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 73,621	\$	387,087	\$	(313,466)	(81.0)
Operating grants and contributions	1,041,478		901,574		139,904	15.5
General revenues:						
Real property taxes	38,109,925		36,586,570		1,523,355	4.2
Other tax items	1,889,497		1,993,800		(104,303)	(5.2)
Non-property tax items	742,077		657,515		84,562	12.9
Unrestricted State sources	2,737,505		2,674,978		62,527	2.3
Use of money and property	83,274		308,008		(224,734)	(73.0)
Sale of property and compensation for loss	-		4,047		(4,047)	(100.0)
Miscellaneous	 424,929		191,926		233,003	121.4
Total revenues	 45,102,306		43,705,505		1,396,801	3.2
Expenses						
General support	7,491,467		6,822,387		669,080	9.8
Instruction	43,784,450		37,807,247		5,977,203	15.8
Pupil transportation	778,478		590,280		188,198	31.9
Food service program	382,099		499,067		(116,968)	(23.4)
Debt service - interest	 769,622		426,173		343,449	80.6
Total expenses	 53,206,116		46,145,154		7,060,962	15.3
ncrease (decrease) in net position	(8,103,810)		(2,439,649)		(5,664,161)	(232.2)
Net position (deficit), beginning of year	(36,861,929)		(34,519,777)		(2,342,152)	(6.8)
Prior period adjustment, see Note 15	 		97,497		(97,497)	(100.0)
let position (deficit), end of year	\$ (44,965,739)	\$	(36,861,929)	\$	(8,103,810)	(22.0)









FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Variances between years for the governmental fund financial statements are not the same as variances between years for the District-wide financial statements. The District's governmental funds are presented on the <u>current financial resources measurement focus</u> and the <u>modified accrual basis of accounting</u>. Based on this presentation, governmental funds do not include long-term debt liabilities for the funds' projects and capital assets purchased by the funds. Governmental funds will include the proceeds received from the issuance of debt, the current payments for capital assets, and the current payments for debt.

At June 30, 2021, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$23,029,358, which is a decrease of \$2,044,554 from June 30, 2020. Fund balances for the District's governmental funds for the past two years were distributed as follows:

	((As Restated))		
6/30/2021		6/30/2020		\$ Change	% Change
\$ 603,147	\$	299,458	\$	303,689	101.4
2,065,768		2,025,125		40,643	2.0
4,000,204		3,999,035		1,169	0.0
1,073,347		706,690		366,657	51.9
				1,100,647	46.7
615,000		761,000		(146,000)	(19.2)
1,415,051		1,505,254		(90,203)	(6.0)
 1,842,799		1,781,832		60,967	3.4
15,075,099		13,437,530		1,637,569	12.2
8,563		22,352		(13,789)	(61.7)
21,371		-		21,371	100.0
 152,871		199,075		(46,204)	(23.2)
182,805		221,427		(38,622)	(17.4)
157,903		174,942		(17,039)	(9.7)
 157,903		174,942		(17,039)	(9.7)
 7,613,551		11,240,013		(3,626,462)	(32.3)
7,613,551		11,240,013		(3,626,462)	(32.3)
\$ 23,029,358	\$	25,073,912	\$	(2,044,554)	(8.2)
	2,065,768 4,000,204 1,073,347 3,459,783 615,000 1,415,051 1,842,799 15,075,099 8,563 21,371 152,871 182,805 157,903 7,613,551	2,065,768 4,000,204 1,073,347 3,459,783 615,000 1,415,051 1,842,799 15,075,099 8,563 21,371 152,871 182,805 157,903 7,613,551 7,613,551	2,065,768 2,025,125 4,000,204 3,999,035 1,073,347 706,690 3,459,783 2,359,136 615,000 761,000 1,415,051 1,505,254 1,842,799 13,437,530 8,563 22,352 21,371 - 152,871 199,075 182,805 221,427 157,903 174,942 157,903 174,942 7,613,551 11,240,013 7,613,551 11,240,013	2,065,768 2,025,125 4,000,204 3,999,035 1,073,347 706,690 3,459,783 2,359,136 615,000 761,000 1,415,051 1,505,254 1,842,799 13,437,530 8,563 22,352 21,371 - 152,871 199,075 182,805 221,427 157,903 174,942 157,903 174,942 7,613,551 11,240,013 7,613,551 11,240,013	2,065,768 2,025,125 40,643 4,000,204 3,999,035 1,169 1,073,347 706,690 366,657 3,459,783 2,359,136 1,100,647 615,000 761,000 (146,000) 1,415,051 1,505,254 (90,203) 1,842,799 1,781,832 60,967 15,075,099 13,437,530 1,637,569 8,563 22,352 (13,789) 21,371 - 21,371 152,871 199,075 (46,204) 182,805 221,427 (38,622) 157,903 174,942 (17,039) 157,903 174,942 (17,039) 7,613,551 11,240,013 (3,626,462) 7,613,551 11,240,013 (3,626,462)

General Fund

The General Fund reported an increase in fund balance of \$1,637,569 for fiscal 2021, as compared to an increase in fund balance of \$2,030,744 for fiscal 2020. Revenues increased \$1,474,018 mainly as a result of an increase in the budgeted property tax levy. Expenditures increased \$2,234,243 due to increases mainly in general support and instruction costs. Compared to projected performance, the District performed better than expected.

School Lunch Fund

The School Lunch Fund reported a decrease in fund balance of \$38,622 for fiscal 2021, as compared to an decrease of \$6,010 for fiscal 2020. Sales decreased by \$149,580 for fiscal 2021 mainly as a result of schools operating in a hybrid environment during the fiscal year related to the pandemic. Expenses related to school lunch operations also decreased \$116,968 mainly due to the pandemic.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Reference is made to the schedule on page 46 which presents original and final budget amounts, as well as actual results for the District's General Fund.

- Actual revenues were greater than the final budgeted revenues by \$1,071,823. Non-property tax
 items, State sources and federal sources were greater than budgeted by \$899,928. Non-property tax
 items are made up of the District's portion of County taxes collected and can vary from year to year.
- Actual expenditures were \$42,617,338 and encumbrances were \$1,415,051 resulting in a \$222,518 overall favorable budget variance.
- The District originally planned to use \$1,533,424 in appropriated fund balance, but instead recorded an addition of approximately \$1.6 million to fund balance.

At June 30, 2021, the District's unassigned fund balance was \$1,842,799 which was within the allowable 4% of the subsequent year's budget as promulgated by New York State (see page 50). The following is a reconciliation of the General Fund's unassigned fund balance for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Unassigned fund balance, beginning of year	\$ 1,781,832
Add:	
Prior-year appropriated fund balance	761,000
Prior-year encumbrances	1,505,254
Net change in fund balance	1,637,569
Less:	
Current-year appropriated fund balance	(615,000)
Current-year encumbrances	(1,415,051)
Transfer to Debt Service Reserve (including allocated interest)	(303,689)
Transfer to Insurance Reserve (including allocated interest)	(40,643)
Transfer to Retirement Contribution Reserve (including allocated interest)	(1,169)
Transfer to TRS Subfund in the Retirement Contribution Reserve (including allocated interest)	(366,657)
Transfer to Tax Certiorari Reserve (including allocated interest)	(1,100,647)
Unassigned fund balance, end of year	\$ 1,842,799

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

By the end of fiscal 2021, the District had invested \$38,796,957 net of depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets, including school buildings, maintenance facilities, athletic facilities, computer and audiovisual equipment, and administrative offices. See Note 7 in the accompanying notes to the financial statements for more information on capital assets.

Table A-9: Capital Assets (net of depre	ciation)			
	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	\$ Change	% Change
Land	\$ 720,725	\$ 720,725	\$ -	_
Construction-in-progress	16,183,842	10,295,207	5,888,635	57.2
Land improvements	167,731	150,561	17,170	11.4
Buildings and building improvements	20,169,115	16,829,065	3,340,050	19.8
Furniture and equipment	1,555,544	1,400,567	154,977	11.1
Totals	\$ 38,796,957	\$ 29,396,125	\$ 9,400,832	32.0

Long-Term Liabilities

At year-end, the District had \$120,718,522 in general obligation bonds and other long-term liabilities. The District entered into a new debt agreement during the year ended June 30, 2021.

Table A-10: Outstanding Long-Term Debt										
	<u>6/30/2021</u>			6/30/2020		\$ Change	% Change			
Bonds payable, net	\$	34,505,939	\$	26,237,020	\$	8,268,919	31.5			
Capital note payable		1,228,125		1,341,758		(113,633)	(8.5)			
Other post-employment benefits		84,984,458		78,043,993		6,940,465	8.9			
Totals	\$	120,718,522	\$	105,622,771	\$	15,095,751	14.3			

FACTORS BEARING ON THE FUTURE OF DISTRICT

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following existing circumstances that may affect its financial health in the future:

- In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a novel coronavirus ("COVID-19") as a pandemic. The extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the District's operational and financial performance, and cash flow needs will depend on certain developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak, impact on funding sources, employees and vendors, all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted as of the date of these financial statements.
- The "Tax Levy Limitation Law" which was enacted on June 24, 2011 restricts the amount of property taxes that may be levied by or on behalf of a school district in a particular year. Although there are exceptions, exemptions and overrides to the limitation, the Law is expected to make budgetary decisions more difficult.

- The General Fund Budget for the 2021-2022 school year is impacted by certain trends affecting school districts. These include potential increases in health insurance costs, retirement costs, workers' compensation judgments, and potential unemployment insurance claims, which are beyond the District's control.
- The possibility of New York State allowing for the establishment of other post-employment benefit reserve funds is being discussed in the legislature. This would allow for the District to set aside monies to meet other post-employment retirement benefits such as health insurance. The establishment of that reserve would increase the District's ability to plan for the future.
- Due to recent tax law changes, homeowners will only be allowed to deduct \$10,000 of their property tax payments on their personal income tax returns. This change may affect voters' decisions in approving future District budgets, which in turn could result in a reduction of services provided.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact:

Rye Neck Union Free School District Attn: Carolyn Mahar 310 Hornidge Road Mamaroneck, NY 10543-3898

RYE NECK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

,		
ASSETS		
Unrestricted cash	\$	5,730,640
Receivables:	,	-,,-
State and federal aid		667,492
Other receivables		4,457
Inventories		8,563
Prepaid expenses		21,371
Restricted cash		21,206,355
Capital assets:		
Non-depreciable		16,904,567
Depreciable, net		21,892,390
Total assets		66,435,835
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows from charges from refunding bonds		47,242
Deferred outflows from OPEB		18,073,620
Deferred outflows from pensions		12,407,764
Total deferred outflows of resources		30,528,626
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		1,126,506
Accrued interest payable		152,979
Accrued liabilities		120,900
Due to teachers' retirement system		1,997,976
Due to employees' retirement system		109,453
Unearned revenue		29,685
Bond anticipation note payable		1,225,000
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:		0.000.000
Bonds payable, net		2,093,322
Capital note		116,411
Long-term liabilities, due after one year:		22 412 617
Bonds payable, net Capital note		32,412,617 1,111,714
Proportionate share of net pension liability		2,992,411
Other post-employment benefits		84,984,458
Total liabilities		128,473,432
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	'	
Deferred inflows from pensions		4,154,707
Deferred inflows from OPEB		9,302,061
	-	
Total deferred inflows of resources		13,456,768
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		11,466,490
Restricted:		000 4 4=
Debt service		603,147
Retirement contributions		5,073,551
Tax certiorari		3,459,783
Insurance reserve		2,065,768 7,613,551
Capital improvements Scholarships and student activities		7,613,551 157,903
Scholarships and student activities Unrestricted		(75,405,932)
Total net position	\$	(44,965,739)

RYE NECK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

				Progran	n Reven	ues		let (Expense) Revenue and
		Expenses		arges for ervices	Ope	rating Grants Contributions		Change in Net Position
Functions and programs: General support	\$	7,491,467	\$		\$	_	\$	(7,491,467)
Instruction	Ψ	43,784,450	Ψ	573	Ψ	772,806	Ψ	(43,011,071)
Pupil transportation		778,478		-		-		(778,478)
Food service program		382,099		73,048		268,672		(40,379)
Debt service - interest		769,622		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		(769,622)
Total functions and programs	\$	53,206,116	\$	73,621	\$	1,041,478		(52,091,017)
General revenues:								
Real property taxes								38,109,925
Other tax items								1,889,497
Unrestricted State sources								2,737,505
Non-property tax items								742,077
Use of money and property								83,274
Miscellaneous								424,929
Total general revenues								43,987,207
Change in net position								(8,103,810)
Total net position, beginning of year, as res	tated (see No	te 15)						(36,861,929)
Total net position, end of year							\$	(44,965,739)

RYE NECK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Major Funds											
					Spec							
		General	Special Aid		School Lunch		Misc	Other Miscellaneous Special Revenue		Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS Unrestricted cash	\$	5,730,640	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	5,730,640
Receivables:	Φ	5,730,040	Φ	-	Φ	-	Φ	-	Φ	-	Φ	5,730,040
State and federal aid		312,056		275,518		79,918		_		-		667,492
Due from other funds		405,393		-				-		_		405,393
Other		4,457		-		_		-		_		4,457
Prepaid expenses		-		-		21,371		-		_		21,371
Inventories		_		-		8,563		-		_		8,563
Restricted cash		11,202,249		125,293		134,973		162,485		9,581,355		21,206,355
Total assets	\$	17,654,795	\$	400,811	\$	244,825	\$	162,485	\$	9,581,355	\$	28,044,271
LIABILITIES												
Payables:												
Accounts payable	\$	351,367	\$	-	\$	32,335	\$	-	\$	742,804	\$	1,126,506
Bond anticipation note payable		-		-		-		-		1,225,000		1,225,000
Accrued liabilities		120,900		-		-		-		-		120,900
Due to other funds		-		400,811		-		4,582		-		405,393
Due to teachers' retirement system		1,997,976		-		-		-		-		1,997,976
Due to employees' retirement system		109,453		-		-		-		-		109,453
Unearned revenues				-		29,685		-		<u>-</u>		29,685
Total liabilities		2,579,696		400,811		62,020		4,582		1,967,804		5,014,913
FUND BALANCE												
Fund balance:												
Nonspendable		-		-		29,934		-		-		29,934
Restricted		11,202,249		-		-		157,903		7,613,551		18,973,703
Assigned		2,030,051		-		152,871		-		-		2,182,922
Unassigned		1,842,799		-		-		-		-		1,842,799
Total fund balance		15,075,099		-		182,805		157,903		7,613,551		23,029,358
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	17,654,795	\$	400,811	\$	244,825	\$	162,485	\$	9,581,355	\$	28,044,271

RYE NECK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds			\$ 23,029,358
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different due to the following:			
Capital assets less accumulated depreciation are included in the Statement of Net Position:			
Capital assets:	_		
Non-depreciable Depreciable	\$	16,904,567	
Accumulated depreciation		45,670,171 (23,777,781)	38,796,957
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		(==,:::,:=:)	33,133,331
Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities			
are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not			
reported in the fund financial statements. However, these liabilities are			
included in the Statement of Net Position: Capital note payable		(1,228,125)	
Bonds payable, net		(34,505,939)	(35,734,064)
Bondo payable, net		(01,000,000)	(00,701,001)
Deferred charge from refunding bonds.			47,242
Proportionate share of long-term asset and liability, and deferred outflows of			
resources and deferred inflows of resources associated with participation			
in the State retirement systems are not current financial resources			
or obligations and are not reported in the fund financial statements:			
Deferred outflows of resources - pension related		12,407,764	
Proportionate share of net pension liability		(2,992,411)	
Deferred inflows of resources - pension related		(4,154,707)	5,260,646
Total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of			
resources associated with the total OPEB liability are not current financial			
resources or obligations and are not reported in the fund financial statements.			
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB related		18,073,620	
Total OPEB liability		(84,984,458)	
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB related		(9,302,061)	(76,212,899)
Interest payable applicable to the District's activities			
are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are			
not reported in the fund financial statements. However,			
these liabilities are included in the Statement of Net Position.			 (152,979)
Net Position - Governmental Activities			\$ (44,965,739)

RYE NECK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			Major Funds								
		Special Revenue									
	General	Special Aid	School Lunch	Other Miscellaneous Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds					
REVENUES Real property taxes	\$ 38,109,925	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 38,109,925					
Other tax items	1,889,497	φ - -	φ -	φ -	φ -	1,889,497					
Non-property tax items	742,077	-	_	-	-	742,077					
Charges for services	573	_	-	-	-	573					
Use of money and property	83,274	-	-	=	-	83,274					
State sources	2,851,361	142,028	9,279	-	-	3,002,668					
Federal sources	72,580	424,092	259,393	-	-	756,065					
Sales	-	-	73,048	-	-	73,048					
Miscellaneous	259,926		1,757	179,350	4,146	445,179					
Total revenues	44,009,213	566,120	343,477	179,350	4,146	45,102,306					
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
General support	5,694,006	-	-	-	-	5,694,006					
Instruction	24,018,173	616,693	-	196,389	-	24,831,255					
Pupil transportation	752,102	7,330	=	-	=	759,432					
Employee benefits	9,559,069	-	-	=	=	9,559,069					
Cost of sales	-	-	382,099	-	-	382,099					
Debt service:	4 000 000					4 000 000					
Principal	1,803,633	-	-	-	=	1,803,633					
Interest	790,355	-	-	-	40 004 077	790,355					
Capital outlay			<u> </u>		13,331,977	13,331,977					
Total expenditures	42,617,338	624,023	382,099	196,389	13,331,977	57,151,826					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over											
(under) expenditures	1,391,875	(57,903)	(38,622)	(17,039)	(13,327,831)	(12,049,520)					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Proceeds of refunding bond issuance	1,590,000	-	-	-	-	1,590,000					
Premium on refunding bond issuance	255,580	-	=	-	=	255,580					
Repayment to escrow agent	(1,845,580)	-	-	-	-	(1,845,580)					
Proceeds of serial bond issuance	-	-	-	-	9,595,000	9,595,000					
Premium on serial bond issuance	-	-	-	-	409,966	409,966					
Transfers in	303,597	57,903	-	-	(000 505)	361,500					
Transfers out	(57,903)				(303,597)	(361,500)					
Total other financing sources (uses)	245,694	57,903	<u>-</u>		9,701,369	10,004,966					
Change in fund balance	1,637,569	-	(38,622)	(17,039)	(3,626,462)	(2,044,554)					
Fund balance, beginning of year,											
as restated, see Note 15	13,437,530	-	221,427	174,942	11,240,013	25,073,912					
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 15,075,099	\$ -	\$ 182,805	\$ 157,903	\$ 7,613,551	\$ 23,029,358					

RYE NECK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Activities	\$ (2,044,554)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation in the current period is: Capital outlay Depreciation expense Retirement of nondepreciable assets Retirement of partially depreciated capital assets (1,375,973) (18,712)	9,400,832
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Repayment of capital note principal 113,633 Payment to refunding bond escrow agent 1,845,580 Proceeds from refunding bond (1,590,000) Premium on refunding bond (255,580) Repayment of bond principal 1,690,000 Proceeds from serial bond (9,595,000) Premium on serial bond (409,966)	(8,201,333)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Amortization of refunding bond premiums Amortization of deferred charge on refunding bond Accrued interest costs Activities do not require the use of the state	20,733
Changes in the proportionate share of the collective pension expense of the State retirement plans reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds. Teachers' Retirement System (2,258,752) Employees' Retirement System 122,813	(2,135,939)
Changes in the amounts related to the OPEB liability reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds.	 (5,143,549)
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ (8,103,810)

1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Rye Neck Union Free School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as applied to government units. Those principles are prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"), which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Significant accounting principles and policies used by the District are described below:

A. Reporting entity

The District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on such criteria, the District has not identified any component units to be included as part of the reporting entity.

B. Joint venture

The District is a component district in the Southern Westchester Board of Cooperative Educational Services ("BOCES"). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services and programs that provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under Section 1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of Section 1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (Section 1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under Section 119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment, as defined in the New York State Education Law, Section 1950(4)(b)(7).

In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year, the District was billed \$1,690,718 for BOCES administrative and program costs.

The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$295,990.

Financial statements for BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office.

C. Basis of presentation

1. <u>District-wide financial statements</u>

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These financial statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, State aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits and depreciation, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

2. Fund financial statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u>: These funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Special Revenue Funds include the following:

<u>Special Aid Fund</u>: Used to account for proceeds from State and federal grants that are restricted for specific educational programs.

<u>School Lunch Fund</u>: Used to account for child nutrition or other activities whose funds are restricted as to use.

Other Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund: Used to account for the activities of student groups, extraclassroom activity funds and scholarships for students.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u>: These funds are used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction or major repair of capital facilities.

D. Measurement focus and basis of accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The District-wide fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 90 days after the end of the fiscal year, except for real property taxes, which are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. Property taxes

Real property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property as of July 1st and are payable in two installments in September and January for the Town of Rye ("Town") and August and December for the City of Rye ("City"). The Town and City are responsible for the billing and collection of the taxes. The Town and City guarantee the full payment of the District warrant and assume responsibility for uncollected taxes.

F. Restricted resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes.

G. <u>Interfund transactions</u>

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the District-wide financial statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds Balance Sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note 11 for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures and revenues activity.

H. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities, useful lives of long-lived assets and proportionate share of net pension assets and liabilities.

I. Cash and investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.

New York State law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and school districts.

J. Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct writeoff method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

K. Inventories and prepaid items

Inventories of food in the School Lunch Fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis, or in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of other inventory items, such as supplies, in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year-end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the District-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the Statement of Net Position or Balance Sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

A portion of the fund balance in the amount of these non-liquid assets (inventories and prepaid items) has been identified as not available for other subsequent expenditures (nonspendable).

L. Other assets/restricted assets

Certain proceeds from serial bonds, as well as resources set aside for their repayment are classified as restricted assets in the District-wide financial statements as their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

In the District-wide financial statements, bond discounts, premiums and any prepaid bond insurance costs are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt issue. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an expense in the period incurred.

M. Capital assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost for acquisitions subsequent to July 1, 1975. For assets acquired prior to July 1, 1975, estimated historical costs, based on independent third-party professionals were used. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide financial statements are as follows:

	Capitalization		Depreciation	Estimated
	Th	reshold	Method	Useful Life
Land improvements	\$	10,000	Straight line	20 years
Buildings and building				
improvements	\$	10,000	Straight line	20-50 years
Furniture and equipment	\$	1,000	Straight line	5-20 years

N. Unearned revenue

The District reports unearned revenue on its Statement of Net Position and its Balance Sheet. On the Statement of Net Position, unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurrence of qualifying expenditures. Another example is the prepayment for student food sale vouchers not yet redeemed in the School Lunch Fund. In subsequent periods, when the District has legal claim to resources, or the food sale vouchers are used, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

O. Deferred outflows of resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

P. Deferred inflows of resources

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Q. Compensated absences

The District does not compensate employees for unused sick leave and vacation is generally taken in the year earned.

R. Other benefits

District employees participate in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health insurance coverage and survivor benefits to retired employees and their survivors in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

S. Short-term debt

The District may issue Revenue Anticipation Notes ("RAN") and Tax Anticipation Notes ("TAN"), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The RANs and TANs represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

The District may issue budget notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of the annual budget during any fiscal year for expenditures for which there is an insufficient or no provision made in the annual budget. The budget note must be repaid no later than the close of the second fiscal year succeeding the year in which the note was issued.

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes ("BAN"), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BANs issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within seven years after the original issue date.

The District may issue deficiency notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of that same year's annual budget in any fund or funds arising from revenues being less than the amount estimated in the budget for that fiscal year. The deficiency notes may mature no later than the close of the fiscal year following the fiscal year in which they were issued. However, they may mature no later than the close of the second fiscal year after the fiscal year in which they were issued, if the notes were authorized and issued after the adoption of the budget for the fiscal year following the year in which they were issued.

T. Accrued liabilities and long-term obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the District-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments and other post-employment benefits that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

U. Equity classifications

District-wide financial statements

In the District-wide financial statements there are three classes of net position:

- Net investment in capital assets: Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also are included in this component of net position. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds or deferred inflows of resources at the end of the reporting period, the portion of the debt or deferred inflows of resources attributable to the unspent amount should not be included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Instead, that portion of the debt or deferred inflow of resources should be included in the same net position component (restricted or unrestricted) as the unspent amount.
- Restricted net position: Consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows
 of resources related to those assets. Generally, a liability relates to restricted assets if the asset
 results from a resource flow that also results in the recognition of a liability or if the liability will
 be liquidated with the restricted assets reported.
- Unrestricted net position: Is the amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted components of net position, and is deemed to be available for general use by the District.

Fund financial statements

In the fund financial statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

- 1. <u>Nonspendable</u> Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District has established the following restricted fund balances within the General Fund:

Debt Service

According to General Municipal Law §6-I, the Mandatory Reserve for Debt Service must be established for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations that remain outstanding at the time of sale. The funding of the reserve is from the proceeds of the sale of school district property or capital improvement.

Insurance

According to General Municipal Law §6-n, must be used to pay liability, casualty and other types of losses, except losses incurred for which the following types of insurance may be purchased: life, accident, health, annuities, fidelity and surety, credit, title residual value and mortgage guarantee. In addition, this reserve may not be used for any purpose for which a special reserve may be established pursuant to law (for example, for unemployment compensation insurance). The reserve may be established by Board action, and funded by budgetary appropriations, or such other funds as may be legally appropriated. There is no limit on the amount that may be accumulated in the Insurance Reserve; however, the annual contribution to this reserve may not exceed the greater of \$33,000 or 5% of the budget. Settled or compromised claims up to \$25,000 may be paid from the reserve without judicial approval.

Tax Certiorari

According to General Municipal Law §3651.1-a, must be used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed the amount that might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceedings in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies.

Retirement Contributions

According to General Municipal Law §6-r, must be used for financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board.

- 3. <u>Committed</u> Includes amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint imposed by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority before the end of the fiscal year, and that require the same level of formal action to remove the constraint. The Board of Education is the decision-making authority that can, by Board resolution, commit fund balance.
- 4. <u>Assigned</u> Includes amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed, except for tax stabilization. The intent can be expressed by the Board or through the Board delegating this responsibility to the District administration through the budgetary process. The classification also includes the remaining positive fund balances for all governmental funds except for the General Fund.
- 5. <u>Unassigned</u> Includes all other General Fund fund balance that does not meet the definition of the above four classifications and is deemed to be available for general use by the District. The unassigned classification also includes negative residual balances of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting assigned fund balances.

Fund balances for all governmental funds as of June 30, 2021 were distributed as follows:

	General		School Lunch	Other Miscellaneous Special Revenue		Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds	
Nonspendable:								
Inventory	\$ -	\$	8,563	\$	-	\$ -	\$	8,563
Prepaid expenses			21,371		-	 -	_	21,371
Total nonspendable			29,934			 		29,934
Restricted:								
Capital	-		-		-	7,613,551		7,613,551
Debt Service	603,147		-		-	-		603,147
Insurance	2,065,768		-		-	-		2,065,768
Retirement Contributions								
Employees' Retirement System	4,000,204		-		-	-		4,000,204
Teachers' Retirement System	1,073,347		-		-	-		1,073,347
Tax Certiorari	3,459,783		-		-	-		3,459,783
Scholarships and student activities					157,903	 -		157,903
Total restricted	11,202,249				157,903	 7,613,551		18,973,703
Assigned:								
Designated for subsequent								
year's expenditures	615,000		-		-	-		615,000
Encumbrances	1,415,051		-		-	-		1,415,051
Food service operations			152,871		-	 -		152,871
Total assigned	2,030,051		152,871			 		2,182,922
Unassigned	1,842,799					 		1,842,799
Total	\$ 15,075,099	\$	182,805	\$	157,903	\$ 7,613,551	\$	23,029,358

NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the school district's budget for the General Fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the General Fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

Order of use of fund balance

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the General Fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the General Fund, committed fund balance is determined next and then assigned. The remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (i.e. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the District-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

2. <u>EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u>

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the fund financial statements and the District-wide financial statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic focus of the District-wide financial statements, compared with the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds.

A. Total fund balances of governmental funds vs. net position of governmental activities

Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differ from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental funds Balance Sheet.

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities

Differences between the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities fall into one of five broad categories. The categories are shown below:

1. Long-term revenue/expense differences

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

2. Capital related differences

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds from the sale of capital assets reported on fund financial statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the fund financial statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

3. Long-term debt transaction differences

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the fund financial statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

4. Pension differences

Pension differences occur as a result of changes in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset/liability and differences between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension systems.

5. OPEB differences

OPEB differences occur as a result of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and differences between the District's contributions and OPEB expense.

3. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

Effective for the 2021 fiscal year, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which provides clearer guidance on identifying fiduciary activities for accounting and reporting purposes. Upon implementation of the statement, the District moved some of its fiduciary assets and liabilities residing in the fiduciary funds to the General Fund of the District. Also, the District created a new governmental fund titled Other Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund to account for the District's student groups, scholarships and extraclassroom activity funds which were previously accounted for in the fiduciary funds. Implementation of this statement required a prior period adjustment (see Note 15).

4. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the following governmental funds for which legal (appropriated) budgets are adopted:

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the General Fund.

Appropriations are adopted at the program line item level.

Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) that may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital project fund expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Generally, all unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end, except those for capital project funds. Open encumbrances at fiscal year-end are included in restricted or assigned fund balance, as appropriate. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

5. <u>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - CUSTODIAL CREDIT, CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT AND INTEREST RATE RISK</u>

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. While the District does not have a specific policy for custodial credit risk, New York State statutes govern the District's investment policies, as discussed previously in these Notes.

The District's aggregate bank balances disclosed in the financial statements, included balances not covered by depository insurance at year-end, are collateralized as follows:

Uncollateralized \$ -

Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution,

in the District's name \$ 18,639,919

Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's

trust department or agent not in the District's name \$ 9,692,711

Restricted cash represents cash and cash equivalents where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year-end includes \$21,206,355 in the governmental funds.

6. <u>RECEIVABLES</u>

Due from State and Federal aid at June 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

General Fund	
New York State Aid - BOCES	\$ 119,740
New York State Aid - excess cost aid	123,770
CARES Act Aid	50,702
New York State Aid - general aid	17,844
Special Aid Fund State and Federal grants	275,518
School Lunch Fund	
Summer food service program	79,918
Totals	\$ 667,492

7. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 were as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	<u>D</u>	eductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>		
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets not depreciated:							
Land	\$ 720,725	\$ -	\$	-	\$	720,725	
Construction-in-progress	10,295,207	 13,015,446		7,126,811		16,183,842	
Total nondepreciable assets	 11,015,932	 13,015,446		7,126,811		16,904,567	
Capital assets that are depreciated:							
Land improvements Buildings and building	1,032,734	33,566		-		1,066,300	
improvements	37,078,849	4,320,279		_		41,399,128	
Furniture and equipment	2,854,742	553,037		203,036		3,204,743	
Total depreciable assets	40,966,325	4,906,882		203,036		45,670,171	
Less accumulated depreciation:							
Land improvements	882,173	16,396		-		898,569	
Buildings and building							
improvements	20,249,784	980,229		-		21,230,013	
Furniture and equipment	 1,454,175	379,348		184,324		1,649,199	
Total accumulated depreciation	 22,586,132	 1,375,973		184,324		23,777,781	
Total depreciated assets, net	18,380,193	3,530,909		18,712		21,892,390	
Total capital assets, net	\$ 29,396,125	\$ 16,546,355	\$	7,145,523	\$	38,796,957	

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General support	\$ 36,018
Instruction	1,332,061
Food service program	7,894
	\$ 1,375,973

8. SHORT-TERM DEBT

Short-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	Begin	ning			Ending			
	Balar	nce		Issued	Redeemed		Balance	
DANI to moture on 2/16/22 at 0.200/	Ф.		ф.	1 225 000	ф.		ф.	1 225 000
BAN to mature on 3/16/22 at 0.39%	\$	-	<u> </u>	1,225,000	\$		Ф	1,225,000

9. LONG-TERM DEBT LIABILITIES

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	F	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Long-term debt:		 			 	
Bonds payable	\$ 25,310,000	\$ 11,185,000	\$	3,485,000	\$ 33,010,000	\$ 1,945,000
Unamortized bond premiums	927,020	 665,546		96,627	 1,495,939	 148,322
Total bonds payable, net	26,237,020	11,850,546		3,581,627	34,505,939	2,093,322
Other long-term liabilities:						
Capital note payable	1,341,758	-		113,633	1,228,125	116,411
Other post-employment						
benefits	 78,043,993	 13,315,428		6,374,963	 84,984,458	 -
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 105,622,771	\$ 25,165,974	\$	10,070,223	\$ 120,718,522	\$ 2,209,733

The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate the District's long-term liabilities presented above.

The following is a summary of the maturity of long-term indebtedness:

				С	Outstanding
Description	Issue	Final	Interest		at
of Issue	<u>Date</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Rate</u>	9	6/30/2021
Capital note	09/15/15	09/15/30	4.43%	\$	1,228,125
Refunding bond	04/14/11	07/15/21	2.000 - 5.000%		355,000
Serial bond	05/13/14	05/01/29	2.000 - 2.750%		4,945,000
Serial bond	05/22/19	05/22/33	2.500 - 5.000%		5,190,000
Serial bond	06/16/20	06/15/50	2.000 - 5.000%		11,335,000
Serial bond	03/16/21	03/15/48	2.000 - 5.000%		9,595,000
Refunding bond	03/25/21	01/15/28	5.00%		1,590,000
				\$	34,238,125

The following is a summary of maturing debt service requirements for the District's bonds:

	Principal		Interest			Total		
Year Ended					•			
<u>June 30,</u>								
2022	\$ 1,945,000		\$	952,483		\$	2,897,483	
2023	1,615,000			899,755			2,514,755	
2024	1,665,000			836,105			2,501,105	
2025	1,735,000			768,943			2,503,943	
2026	1,800,000			698,830			2,498,830	
2027-2031	7,680,000			2,473,320			10,153,320	
2032-2036	4,950,000			1,564,263			6,514,263	
2037-2041	4,075,000			1,114,451			5,189,451	
2042-2046	4,520,000			663,375			5,183,375	
2047-2050	 3,025,000			161,800			3,186,800	
	\$ 33,010,000		\$	10,133,325		\$	43,143,325	

The following is a summary of maturing debt service requirements for the District's capital note payable:

	Principal		Interest	Total		
Year Ended	 					
<u>June 30,</u>						
2022	\$ 116,411	\$	29,141	\$	145,552	
2023	119,257		26,295		145,552	
2024	122,173		23,379		145,552	
2025	125,160		20,392		145,552	
2026	128,220		17,332		145,552	
2027-2031	616,904		38,080		654,984	
	\$ 1,228,125	\$	154,619	\$	1,382,744	

Interest on long-term debt for the year was comprised of:

Interest paid	\$ 790,355
Plus amortization of premium and deferred charges	(83,991)
Less interest accrued in the prior year	(89,721)
Plus interest accrued in the current year	 152,979
Interest expense	\$ 769,622

10. PENSION OBLIGATIONS

The District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("NYSERS") and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System ("NYSTRS") (the "Systems").

Plan descriptions and benefits provided

Employees' Retirement System

The New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits, as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the "Fund"), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the NYSERS. NYSERS benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law ("NYSRSSL"). Once a public employer elects to participate in NYSERS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan ("NYSGLIP"), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. NYSERS is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided, may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

Teachers' Retirement System

The New York State Teachers' Retirement System is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits, as well as death and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the Retirement and Social Security Law of the State of New York. NYSTRS is governed by a 10 member Board of Trustees. NYSTRS benefits are established under New York State Law. Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York public schools and BOCES who elected to participate in NYSTRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in NYSTRS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. Additional information regarding NYSTRS, may be obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395 or by referring to the NYSTRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the NYSTRS website at www.nystrs.org.

Contributions

The Systems are noncontributory for the employee who joined prior to July 27, 1976 (tiers I and II). For employees who joined the Systems after July 27, 1976, and prior to January 1, 2010, employees contribute 3% of their salary (tiers III and IV). For NYSERS, employees who joined the System between January 1, 2010 and April 1, 2012, are required to contribute 3% of their salary (tier V). For NYSTRS, employees who joined the System between January 1, 2010 and April 1, 2012, are required to contribute 3.5% of their salary (tier V). In addition, employee contribution rates (3% to 6%) under NYSERS and NYSTRS tier VI (those who joined after April 1, 2012) vary based on a sliding salary scale. With the exception of NYSERS and NYSTRS tier V and VI employees, employees in the System more than ten years are no longer required to contribute. For NYSERS, the Comptroller certifies the rates expressed as proportions of members' payroll annually, which are used in computing the contributions required to be made by employers to the pension accumulation fund. Pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law, the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board establishes rates annually for NYSTRS.

The District contributions made to the Systems were equal to 100% of the contributions required for each year. Required contributions for the current and two preceding years were as follows:

	NYSERS				NYS	STRS	
			Percentage Of			Percentage Of	
			Covered Payroll		Covered Payroll		
Year	Co	ntribution	Contributed	С	ontribution	Contributed	
2021	\$	398,346	13.14%	\$	1,623,813	8.86%	
2020		392,860	13.42%		1,894,310	9.99%	
2019		419,290	14.23%		1,699,683	10.62%	

<u>Pension liabilities</u>, <u>pension expense</u>, <u>deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2021 for NYSERS and June 30, 2020 for NYSTRS. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the NYSERS and NYSTRS Systems in reports issued to the District.

At June 30, 2021, the District reported the following liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for each of the Systems.

	NYSERS	NYSTRS		
Actuarial Valuation Date	April 1, 2020	June 30, 2019		
Net pension asset/(liability)	\$(8,659)	\$(2,983,752)		
District's portion of the Plan's total net pension asset/(liability)	(0.0086960%)	(0.107979%)		

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$257,028 for NYSERS and pension expense of \$4,058,520 for NYSTRS. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources - NYSERS	Deferred Outflows of Resources - NYSTRS	Deferred Inflows of Resources - NYSERS	Deferred Inflows of Resources - NYSTRS
Differences between expected experience and actual experience	\$ 105,748	\$ 2,614,364	\$ -	\$ (152,912)
Changes of assumptions	1,592,084	3,773,751	(30,027)	(1,345,145)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	1,948,651	(2,487,333)	-
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	117,620	148,117	(29,953)	(109,337)
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	109,453	1,997,976		
Total	\$ 1,924,905	\$ 10,482,859	\$ (2,547,313)	\$ (1,607,394)

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an addition/reduction of the net pension asset/liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Year Ended June 30, NYSE		 NYSTRS
2022	\$	(106,310)	\$ 1,203,675
2023		(25,559)	2,387,702
2024		(123,382)	1,944,349
2025		(476,610)	1,175,623
2026		-	38,313
Thereafter		-	127,827

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

	NYSERS	NYSTRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2021	June 30, 2020
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2020	June 30, 2019
Interest rate	5.90%	7.10%
Salary scale	4.40%	*Rates of increase differ based on service
Decrement tables	April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2020 System's Experience	July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2014 System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.70%	2.20%

^{*}The salary scale used for NYSTRS changes based upon levels of service as defined below:

Service	Rate
5	4.72%
15	3.46%
25	2.37%
35	1.90%

For NYSERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2020 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on MP-2020. For NYSTRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on July 1, 2009 - June 30, 2014 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP2019.

For NYSERS, the actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2019 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015. For NYSTRS, the actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 - June 30, 2014.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by each target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized below:

	NYSERS		NYSTRS			
	Toward Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate	Tanak Allanakian	Long-Term Expected Rate		
	Target Allocation	of Return	Target Allocation	of Return		
Measurement date	March 3	1, 2021	June 30	, 2020		
Asset type						
Cash	1.00%	0.50%	1.00%	0.07%		
Domestic equity	32.00%	4.05%	33.00%	7.10%		
Domestic fixed income	-	-	16.00%	1.80%		
Global equities	-	-	4.00%	7.40%		
Global fixed income	-	-	2.00%	1.00%		
High-yield fixed income	-	-	1.00%	3.90%		
International equity	15.00%	6.30%	16.00%	7.70%		
Opportunistic portfolio	3.00%	4.50%	-	-		
Credit	4.00%	3.63%	-	-		
Fixed income	23.00%	0.00%				
Private debt	-	-	1.00%	5.20%		
Private equity	10.00%	6.75%	8.00%	10.40%		
Real assets	3.00%	5.95%	-	-		
Real estate debt	-	-	7.00%	3.60%		
Real estate equities	9.00%	4.95%	11.00%	6.80%		
	100%		100%			

Discount rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.90% for NYSERS and 7.10% for NYSTRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) to the discount rate assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 5.90% for NYSERS and 7.10% for NYSTRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (4.90% for NYSERS and 6.10% for NYSTRS) or 1% point higher (6.90% for NYSERS and 8.10% for NYSTRS) than the current rate:

<u>NYSERS</u>	1% Decrease (4.90%)		Current ssumption (5.90%)	1% Increase (6.90%)		
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	2,403,363	\$ 8,659	\$	(2,199,819)	
<u>NYSTRS</u>	1%	% Decrease (6.10%)	Current ssumption (7.10%)	1	% Increase (8.10%)	
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	18,847,332	\$ 2,983,752	\$	(10,329,812)	

Pension plan fiduciary net position

The components of the current-year net pension liability of the employers as of the respective measurement dates, were as follows:

	(Dollars in Thousands)				
		NYSERS		NYSTRS	
Valuation date		April 1, 2020	Jı	une 30, 2019	
Employers' total pension liability Plan net position	\$	220,680,157 220,580,583	\$	123,242,776 120,479,505	
Employers' net pension asset/(liability)	\$	(99,574)	\$	(2,763,271)	
Ratio of plan net position to the employers' total pension asset/(liability)		99.95%		97.76%	

Payables to the pension plan

For NYSERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2021 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2021 through June 30, 2021 based on paid NYSERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2021 amounted to \$109,453.

For NYSTRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 are paid to the system in September, October and November 2021 through a State aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2021 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 based on paid NYSTRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the NYSTRS System. Accrued retirement contributions including employee contributions, as of June 30, 2021 amounted to \$1,997,976.

11. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Fund		Interfund						
	R	eceivable		Payable	Tra	ansfers in	Tra	nsfers out
General	\$	405,393	\$	-	\$	303,597	\$	57,903
Special Aid		-		400,811		57,903		-
Other Miscellaneous Special Revenue		-		4,582		-		-
Capital Projects		-		-		-		303,597
Totals	\$	405,393	\$	405,393	\$	361,500	\$	361,500

Interfund receivables and payables are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position.

The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues.

12. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS ("OPEB")

A. General information about the OPEB plan

Plan description

The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, provides OPEB for all permanent full-time employees of the District. The plan is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District Board of Education. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Benefits provided

The District provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms are dependent of which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

Employees covered by benefit terms

As of July 1, 2020, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	164
Active plan members	231
Total plan members	395

B. <u>Total OPEB liability</u>

The District's total OPEB liability of \$84,984,458 was measured as of June 30, 2021, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, with update procedures used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to the measurement date, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.60%

Salary increases 2.60% average, including inflation

Discount rate 2.16%

Healthcare cost trend rates 5.3% scaling down to 4.1% over 55 years Retirees' share of benefit-related costs 0% to 8% of projected health insurance

premiums for retirees

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Index.

Mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Headcount-Weighted Mortality Table for Teaching positions and PubG-2010 Headcount-Weighted Mortality Table for Non-Teaching positions projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2019.

C. Changes in the total OPEB liability

Balance as of June 30, 2020	\$ 78,043,993
Changes for the year	
Changes for the year -	0.000.000
Service cost	3,608,668
Interest	1,786,864
Effect of demographic gain or losses	(4,767,965)
Effect of assumptions or other inputs	7,919,896
Benefit payments	(1,606,998)
Net changes	6,940,465
	_
Balance as of June 30, 2021	\$ 84,984,458

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.16%) or one percentage point higher (3.16%) than the current discount rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	assumption	1% Increase
	(1.16%)	(2.16%)	(3.16%)
Total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021	\$ 102,811,022	\$ 84,984,458	\$ 71,137,837

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (4.30%) or one percentage point higher (6.30%) than the current discount rate:

		Current								
	1% Decrease	assumption	1% Increase							
	(4.30%	(5.30%	(6.30%							
	decreasing to	decreasing to	decreasing to							
	3.10%)	4.10%)	5.10%)							
Total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021	\$ 70,402,468	\$ 84,984,458	\$ 104,914,990							

D. OPEB expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$6,750,547. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Dutflows of Resources - OPEB	 Deferred Inflows of Resources - OPEB				
Difference between expected experience and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$ 1,614,491 16,459,129	\$ (4,238,191) (5,063,870)				
Total	\$ 18,073,620	\$ (9,302,061)				

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2022	\$ 1,355,015
2023	1,355,015
2024	1,355,015
2025	1,355,015
2026	1,331,144
Thereafter	2,020,355

13. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District and other school districts have formed a reciprocal insurance company ("Company") to be owned by these districts. This Company operates under an agreement effective July 1, 1989. The purpose of the Company is to provide general liability, auto liability, all risk building and contents and auto physical damage coverage. In addition, as part of the reciprocal program, excess insurance, school board legal liability, equipment floaters, boilers and machinery and crime and bond coverages will be purchased from commercial carriers and be available to the subscriber districts. The Company retains a management company, which is responsible for the overall supervision and management of the Company. The Company is managed by the Board of Governors and an Attorney-in-fact, which is comprised of employees of the subscriber districts. The subscribers have elected those who sit on the board and each subscriber has a single vote. The Company is an "assessable" insurance company, in that, the subscribers are severally liable for any financial shortfall of the Company and can be assessed their proportionate share by the State Insurance Department if the funds of the Company are less than what is required to satisfy its liabilities. The subscriber districts are required to pay premiums as well as a minimal capital contribution.

The District and neighboring school districts in Southern Westchester County participate in the State-Wide Schools Cooperative Health Plan. This Plan operates under an agreement, as amended, dated December 12, 1985. The purpose of the Plan are to effect cost savings in members' expenses for health coverage; to provide for centralized administration, funding and disbursements for health coverage; and to provide for such risk management services as may be appropriate to reduce future expense and liability for health coverage. The governance of the Plan shall be in all respects in the hands of the Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees shall consist of seven trustees elected by the general membership of the Plan. No action may be taken by the Board of Trustees except by a vote of a majority of the total number of trustees. Billings to participants are based upon coverage provided to each participant's employees. The District has transferred all related risk to the Plan.

The District and neighboring school districts in Southern Westchester County, participate in the Southern Westchester Schools Cooperative Self-Insurance Plan for Workers' Compensation. The purpose of the Plan is to provide efficient and economical evaluation, processing, administration, defense and payment of claims against plan members for workers' compensation and to provide for risk management to reduce future liability for workers' compensation and employers' liability payments. The Plan is managed and governed by a Board of Trustees comprised of a representative from each district. Billings are based upon participant's experience rating. The District has transferred all related risk to the Plan.

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage as compared to the prior years, and there were no settlements in excess of coverage over the last three years.

The District has not purchased any annuity contracts.

14. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Encumbrances

All encumbrances are classified as either restricted or assigned fund balance. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the District encumbered the following amounts:

Assigned: Unappropriated Fund Balance
General Fund
General support
Instruction

\$ 862,676
552,375

Government grants

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior years' experience, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

Unissued debt

The District currently has authorized \$24.2 million in debt, of which \$10 million was issued during 2021, \$12 million was issued previously and \$2.2 million remains unissued.

Property tax cap

In June 2011, the New York State Legislature enacted Chapter 97, Laws of 2011 Real Property Tax Levy Cap and Mandate Relief Provisions. For fiscal years through at least June 15, 2021, growth in the property tax levy (the total amount to be raised through property taxes charged on a municipality's taxable assessed value of property) will be capped at 2 percent, plus the inflation factor (but not less than 0 percent), whichever is less, with some exceptions. The New York State Comptroller set the allowable levy growth factor for local governments for fiscal years beginning July 1, 2020 at 1.56% (before exemptions). School districts can exceed the tax levy limit by a 60% vote of the governing body, subject to voter approval.

Litigation

The District is involved in lawsuits arising from the normal conduct of business. Some of these lawsuits seek damages which may be in excess of the District's insurance coverage.

COVID-19

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a novel coronavirus ("COVID-19") as a pandemic. The extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the District's operational and financial performance, and cash flow needs will depend on certain developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak, impact on funding sources, employees and vendors, all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted as of the date of these financial statements.

15. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020 have been restated as of July 1, 2020 to give effect to the following:

	Fu	ind Balance	N	let Position
Balance as of July 1, 2020, as previously stated	\$	24,976,415	\$	(36,959,426)
GASB Statement No. 84 implementation:				
Add: Other Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund fund balance (calculated under GASB 84)		97,497		97,497
Balance as of July 1, 2020, as restated	\$	25,073,912	\$	(36,861,929)

16. FUTURE ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The District will evaluate the impact each of these upcoming pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material. The following is a list of GASB pronouncements issued but not yet effective:

GASB Statement No.	GASB Accounting Standard	Effective Fiscal Year
Statement No. 87	Leases	June 30, 2022
Statement No. 89	Accounting For Interest Cost Incurred Before The	June 30, 2022
	End Of A Construction Period	
Statement No. 91	Conduit Debt Obligations	June 30, 2023

17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent events occurring after the Statement of Net Position through the date of September 14, 2021, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, noting no matters requiring further consideration.

RYE NECK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Year-end cumbrances		Variance
REVENUES			 			
Local sources: Real property taxes	\$ 39,999,300	\$ 38,109,803	\$ 38,109,925		\$	122
Other tax items	-	1,889,497	1,889,497			-
Non-property tax items Charges for services	475,000 2,000	475,000 2,000	742,077 573			267,077
Use of money and property	50,000	50,000	83,274			(1,427) 33,274
Miscellaneous	120,000	120,000	 259,926			139,926
Total local sources	40,646,300	40,646,300	41,085,272			438,972
State sources	2,291,090	2,291,090	2,851,361			560,271
Federal sources	 <u> </u>	 <u> </u>	 72,580			72,580
Total revenues	42,937,390	42,937,390	44,009,213			1,071,823
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Interfund transfers	75,000	75,000	303,597			228,597
Prior year encumbrances	1,505,254	1,505,254	-			(1,505,254)
Appropriated reserves and fund balance	 1,533,424	 1,533,424	 			(1,533,424)
Total revenues and other financing sources	 46,051,068	 46,051,068	 44,312,810			(1,738,258)
EXPENDITURES						
General support:						
Board of Education	30,085	30,085	24,401	\$ -		5,684
Central administration	384,526	389,848	373,890	-		15,958
Finance	1,070,958	1,078,472	995,826	33,785		48,861
Staff	90,586	92,586	82,044	-		10,542
Central services	4,054,324	4,499,657	3,489,787	828,891		180,979
Special items	 550,219	 736,558	 728,058	 <u> </u>		8,500
Total general support	 6,180,698	 6,827,206	 5,694,006	 862,676		270,524
Instruction:						
Instruction, administration and improvement	1,026,023	1,101,293	1,027,048	101		74,144
Teaching - regular school	13,258,446	13,196,523	12,838,006	41,275		317,242
Programs for children with handicapping conditions Teaching - special school	5,996,300 289,244	5,097,434 137,943	4,551,050 129,964	-		546,384 7,979
Instructional media	1,580,519	3,038,526	2,329,056	444,054		265,416
Pupil services	3,611,142	3,473,382	3,143,049	66,945		263,388
Total instruction	25,761,674	26,045,101	24,018,173	552,375		1,474,553
				 002,010		
Pupil transportation	1,016,334	800,273	752,102	-		48,171
Employee benefits Debt service:	10,320,859	9,687,985	9,559,069	-		128,916
Principal	1,917,266	1,824,266	1,803,633	_		20,633
Interest	814,237	791,237	 790,355	 		882
Total expenditures	46,011,068	45,976,068	42,617,338	1,415,051		1,943,679
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Operating transfers out	 40,000	 75,000	 57,903	 	_	17,097
Total expenditures and other financing uses	 46,051,068	 46,051,068	 42,675,241	\$ 1,415,051		1,960,776
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	1,637,569		\$	222,518
Fund balance, beginning of year			 13,437,530			
Fund balance, end of year			\$ 15,075,099			

Note to Required Supplementary Information

Budget Basis of Accounting

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

RYE NECK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

Measurement date	Jι	une 30, 2021	Jι	ıne 30, 2020	Jı	une 30, 2019	Jι	ıne 30, 2018
Total OPEB Liability:								
Service cost	\$	3,608,668	\$	2,870,569	\$	3,304,823	\$	2,511,763
Interest		1,786,864		2,239,477		1,966,441		1,853,282
Effect of plan changes		-		-		852,857		-
Effect of demographic gain or losses		(4,767,965)		-		2,224,593		334,185
Effect of assumptions or other inputs		7,919,896		12,667,227		(7,825,979)		-
Benefit payments		(1,606,998)		(1,681,084)	1	(1,624,306)		(1,814,896)
Net change in total OPEB liability		6,940,465		16,096,189		(1,101,571)		2,884,334
Total OPEB liability - beginning of year		78,043,993		61,947,804		63,049,375		60,165,041
Total OPEB liability - end of year	\$	84,984,458	\$	78,043,993	\$	61,947,804	\$	63,049,375
Covered payroll	\$	21,126,727	\$	20,094,681	\$	20,094,681	\$	18,384,278
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		402.26%		388.38%		308.28%		342.95%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Ten years of historical information was not available upon implementation of GASB Statement No. 75. An additional year of historical information will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until ten years of historical data is available.

The District has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay OPEB benefits, as New York State currently does not allow school districts to establish this type of trust. The District currently contributes enough money to the plan to satisfy current obligations on a pay-as-you-go basis.

RYE NECK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION ASSET/LIABILITY - NYSERS & NYSTRS LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

		(C) 2021		(B) 2020		2019		2018		2017		(A) 2016	2015	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	0	0.00870%	C	0.00894%		0.00883%	0.00882%		0.00951%		0.01022%		0.00970%	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	9	\$	2,368	\$	625	\$	285	\$	894	\$	1,640	\$	328
District's covered payroll	\$	3,008	\$	2,971	\$	2,947	\$	2,920	\$	3,048	\$	2,949	\$	2,808
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		0.29%		21.22%		21.21%		9.75%		29.32%		55.62%	1	1.67%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		99.95%		86.39%		96.27%		98.24%		94.70%		90.70%	!	97.90%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined (bi-annually) as of March 31.

- (A) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.5% to 7.0% effective with the March 31, 2016 measurement date.
- (B) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.0% to 6.8% effective with the March 31, 2020 measurement date.
- (C) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 6.8% to 5.9% effective with the March 31, 2021 measurement date.

		2021	(F) 2020		2019		(E) 2018		(D) 2017		2016		2015
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	(0.10798%	0.10686%			0.10648%	0.10586%		0.10881%		0.11153%		0.11112%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	2,984	\$	(2,776)	\$	(1,925)	\$	(805)	\$	1,165	\$	(11,584)	\$(12,378)
District's covered payroll	\$	18,327	\$	18,333	\$	16,005	\$	20,061	\$	17,099	\$	17,004	\$ 16,344
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll		16.28%		15.14%		12.03%		4.01%		6.82%		68.13%	75.73%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)		97.76%		102.17%		101.53%		100.66%		99.01%		110.46%	111.48%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined (bi-annually) as of June 30.

- (D) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 8.0% to 7.5% effective with the June 30, 2016 measurement date.
- (E) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.5% to 7.25% effective with the June 30, 2017 measurement date.
- (F) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.25% to 7.10% effective with the June 30, 2019 measurement date.

Note to Required Supplementary Information

Ten years of historical information was not available upon implementation of GASB Statement No. 68. An additional year of historical information will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until ten years of historical data is available.

RYE NECK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS - NYSERS & NYSTRS LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

	 2021	2020		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 398	\$	393	\$ 419	\$ 455	\$ 473	\$ 577	\$	594
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 398		393	419	455	 473	577		594
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$	
District's covered payroll	\$ 3,032	\$	2,962	\$ 2,961	\$ 2,971	\$ 3,048	\$ 3,026	\$	2,807
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	13.14%		13.42%	14.23%	15.31%	15.52%	19.08%	2	1.19%
	 2021		2020	2019	 2018	 2017	 2016		2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,624	\$	1,894	\$ 1,700	\$ 1,966	\$ 2,004	\$ 2,260	\$	2,981
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 1,624		1,894	1,700	1,966	2,004	2,260		2,981
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$	-	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$	
District's covered payroll	\$ 18,827	\$	18,969	\$ 16,005	\$ 20,061	\$ 17,099	\$ 17,004	\$	16,344
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	8.86%		9.99%	10.62%	9.80%	11.72%	13.29%		18.24%

Note to Required Supplementary Information

Ten years of historical information was not available upon implementation of GASB Statement No. 68. An additional year of historical information will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until ten years of historical data is available.

RYE NECK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET AND THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LIMIT - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Change from adopted budget to final budget:		
Adopted budget		\$ 44,545,814
Add: Prior year's encumbrances		1,505,254
Final budget		\$ 46,051,068
Section 1318 of the Real Property Tax Law Limit calculation:		
2021-2022 voter-approved expenditure budget		\$ 46,069,994
Maximum allowed (4% of 2021-2022 budget)		\$ 1,842,800
General Fund fund balance subject to §1318 of Real Property Tax Law:		
Unrestricted fund balance: Assigned fund balance Unassigned fund balance	\$ 2,030,051 1,842,799	\$ 3,872,850
Less: Appropriated fund balance Encumbrances	615,000 1,415,051	2,030,051
General Fund fund balance subject to §1318 of Real Property Tax Law		\$ 1,842,799
Actual percentage		 4.00%

RYE NECK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES AND FINANCING SOURCES - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			Expenditures			Methods of Financing						
Project Title	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Prior Years	Current Year	Total	Unexpended Balance	Proceeds of Obligations	Transfers	State Aid	Local Sources	Total	Fund Balance June 30, 2021
District-Wide Roof Replacement Construction of MS Gym Construction of New Wing at HS/MS	\$ 6,280,000 6,650,000 14,675,000	\$ 5,117,000 10,429,034 14,958,966	\$ 4,314,761 1,985,190 1,183,207	\$ 802,239 5,805,671 7,027,664	\$ 5,117,000 7,790,861 8,210,871	\$ - 2,638,173 6,748,095	\$ 6,280,000 9,962,500 11,187,500	\$ (1,163,000) - 1,163,000	\$ - - -	\$ 442,436 - 855,701	\$ 5,559,436 9,962,500 13,206,201	\$ 442,436 2,171,639 4,995,330
Totals	\$ 27,605,000	\$ 30,505,000	\$ 7,483,158	\$ 13,635,574	\$ 21,118,732	\$ 9,386,268	\$ 27,430,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,298,137	\$ 28,728,137	7,609,405
									P	lus net benefit from	bond refunding	4,146
												\$ 7,613,551

RYE NECK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Capital assets, net		\$ 38,796,957
Deduct:		
Short-term portion of bonds payable, net	\$ 2,093,322	
Long-term portion of bonds payable, net	32,412,617	
Bond anticipation note payable	1,225,000	
Short-term portion of capital note payable	116,411	
Long-term portion of capital note payable	1,111,714	36,959,064
Add:		
Unspent bond proceeds	9,581,355	
Deferred charge from refunding bonds	47,242	 9,628,597
Net investment in capital assets		\$ 11,466,490

RYE NECK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/CLUSTER TITLE/ PROGRAM TITLE	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING NUMBER	TOTAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES	
U.S. Department of Education				
Passed - Through New York State Department of Education				
Special Education Cluster:				
IDEA, Part B, Section 611, Special Education Grants to States	84.027A	0032-21-1091	\$ 302,674	
IDEA, Part B, Section 611, Special Education Grants to States	84.027A	0032-20-1091	2,165	
IDEA, Part B, Section 619, Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173A	0033-21-1091	8,108	
Total Special Education Cluster			312,947	
Title I, Part A Cluster:				
ESEA, Title I, Part A, Grants to Local Education Agencies	84.010A	0021-21-3790	43,423	
ESEA, Title I, Part A, Grants to Local Education Agencies	84.010A	0021-20-3790	16,397	
Total Title I, Part A Cluster			59,820	
CARES Act, Education Stabilization Fund Cluster:				
CARES Act, ESF, Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	5890-21-3790	62,062	
CARES Act, ESF, Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund	84.425C	5895-21-3790	10,518	
Total CARES Act, Education Stabilization Fund Cluster			72,580	
ESEA, Title II, Part A, Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367A	0147-21-3790	19,500	
ESEA, Title II, Part A, Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367A	0147-20-3790	12,996	
ESEA, Title III, Part A, English Language Acquisition	84.365A	0293-21-3790	11,618	
ESEA, Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424A	0204-21-3790	6,201	
ESEA, Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424A	0204-20-3790	1,010	
Total U.S. Department of Education			496,672	
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Passed - Through New York State Office of General Services				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
School Brekfast Program	10.553	N/A	9,029	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	34,461	
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	N/A	215,903	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			259,393	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			259,393	
TOTAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES			\$ 756,065	

RYE NECK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Rye Neck Union Free School District (the "District") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or fund balance of the District.

2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The amounts reported as federal expenditures were obtained from the federal financial reports for the applicable program and periods. The amounts reported in these reports are prepared from records maintained for each program, which are reconciled with the District's financial reporting system. Negative amounts (if any) shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Matching costs (the District's share of certain program costs) are not included in the reported expenditures.

Non-monetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of commodities received, which is provided by New York State.

3. INDIRECT COSTS

The Rye Neck Union Free School District has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

4. SUBRECIPIENTS

No amounts were provided to subrecipients.

5. OTHER DISCLOSURES

No insurance is carried specifically to cover equipment purchased with federal funds. Any equipment purchased with federal funds has only a nominal value, and is covered by the District's casualty insurance policies.

There were no loans or loan guarantees outstanding at year end.

6. MAJOR PROGRAM DETERMINATION

The District was deemed to be a "high-risk auditee", therefore, major programs were determined based on 40% of total federal award expenditures.



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education of the Rye Neck Union Free School District, New York:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Rye Neck Union Free School District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 14, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Nawrocki Smith

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Navroclii Smith UP

Hauppauge, New York September 14, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education of the Rye Neck Union Free School District, New York:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Rye Neck Union Free School District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for its major federal programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Nawrocki Smith

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal programs to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Navroclii Smith UP

Hauppauge, New York September 14, 2021

RYE NECK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

A. Summary Of Auditor's Results:

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements.
- 2. No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses were reported during the audit of the financial statements.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance were disclosed during the audit of the financial statements.
- 4. No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses were reported during the audit of the major federal award programs.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs expresses an unmodified opinion.
- 6. No audit findings relative to the major federal award programs that are required to be reported in accordance with section 2 CFR 200.516 (a) of the Uniform Guidance, were disclosed during the audit.
- 7. The programs tested as a major program included:

CFDA Number

Name of Federal Program

U.S. Department of Education -

84.027A IDEA Part B Section 611 Special Education Grants to States 84.173A IDEA Part B Section 619 Special Education Preschool Grants

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. Auditee was determined to be a high-risk auditee.

B. Findings - Financial Statement Audit

None reported.

C. Findings And Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Program Audit

None reported.

RYE NECK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Findings - Financial Statement Audit

None reported.

Findings And Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Programs Audit

None reported.

RYE NECK UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

This section presents our findings and recommendations noted during the audit of the financial statements of the Rye Neck Union Free School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, as well as the status of recommendations made in connection with prior audits of the financial statements.

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS:

We noted no other areas of improvement as a result of our audit procedures for the current year.

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR RECOMMENDATIONS:

- 1. <u>Recommendation</u> It was recommended that the District deposit all Extraclassroom Activity Funds within a reasonable amount of time.
 - Status We noted this recommendation was implemented.
- 2. <u>Recommendation</u> It was recommended that user permissions for inactive employees be reviewed and updated to include only permissions for active users.
 - Status We noted this recommendation was implemented.